# Hebrews Lesson 48

#### Chapter 11—Faithful Abraham

#### Vs 8 "By faith Abraham, when he was called...went out, not knowing whither he went."

- He didn't know where he was going, but he knew God was with him.
  - Going out by faith meant leaving behind his homeland, his heritage, his relatives, etc.
    - The things Abraham gave up short-term did not get compensated during his lifetime.
    - God gave him some long-term promises that he would have to believe by faith.

#### Vs 9 "by faith he sojourned in the land of promise, as in a strange country..."

- Abraham got to the Land of Promise, but he didn't get to the promise.
- He dwelled in tabernacles (temporary dwellings).

# Vs 10 "for he looked for a city..."

- His feet are in the Promised Land on Earth, but his heart is looking for a city made by God.
  - The city he is looking for may or may not be New Jerusalem.
  - $\circ$   $\;$  If it is New Jerusalem, this verse indicates that it is already built.

# 11-13 "11 Through faith also Sara herself received strength to conceive seed..."

- Isaac was a blessing to Sara and Abraham, but his arrival did not fulfill God's promise of innumerable offspring (vs 12).
  - Abraham and Sara (and all the faithful saints)"**died in faith, not having received the promises, but having seen them afar off.**" (vs 13).
    - They were able to see that God was working in their lives towards total fulfilment.

# "...they were strangers and pilgrims on the earth."

- Cain was called a fugitive and a vagabond (Gen. 4:12).
  - Fugitive: someone who is running from something.
  - Vagabond: someone wandering with no place to go.
- The faithful saints were strangers and pilgrims.
  - Stranger: someone who is looking for something.
  - Pilgrim: someone wandering with a destination.
    - We are on this Earth (where we don't belong) looking for that blessed hope and the glorious appearing of the great God and our Saviour Jesus Christ (Titus 2:13).

#### 14-15 These faithful "seek a country," not mindful of "that country from whence they came out."

- If you think back to where you came from, you will have opportunities to return to your old life.
- It is best to forget those things which are behind and press toward the mark (Phil. 3:13-14).

# Vs 16 "But now they desire a better country, that is, an heavenly..."

• Now things might not be better than they were before you were saved. Don't let that cause you to look back. Now your desire should be on future promises.

# "...wherefore God is not ashamed to be called their God..."

- They lived a godly life, so God was happy to have His name associated with theirs.
  - When you live a sinful life, don't ruin God's name by associating yourself with Him.

# Vs 17 "By faith Abraham, when he was tried, offered up Isaac..."

- Abraham offered up Isaac, but the offering was never carried out.
- God reckons the offering as being carried out because Abraham gave up his son in his heart.

# 18-19 "Of whom it was said, That in Isaac shall thy seed be called: <sup>19</sup> accounting that God *was* able to raise *him* up, even from the dead..."

- Abraham believed God's promises concerning Isaac.
- He reasons that if he kills Isaac, God will have to resurrect him to fulfill His promise.
- Abraham knew that he and the lad would return after the sacrifice (Gen. 22:5).

# "... from whence also he received him in a figure."

• The figure: God the Father offering God the Son as a sacrifice and then raising him from the dead.

# Vs 17 "Abraham...offered up his only begotten son."

- Abraham and Hagar conceived a son named Ishmael. God did not count Ishmael as a son.
  - $\circ$  The consequences of Abraham's actions affect his offspring to this very day on Earth.
  - $\circ~$  But in eternity, God's record of Abraham's life is clear.
    - "Their sins and iniquities will I remember no more" (Heb. 10:17).
- Begotten: chosen, given the exalted place.
  - $\circ$   $\:$  Isaac was the chosen one. He was given the place as the firstborn.